in which

means a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, a fluorine, chlorine or bromine atom Y_1 or a group -OCOR8, in which

R₈ is an aliphatic or aromatic radical with 1 to 12 C atoms,

 Y_2 means a hydrogen atom or a group -(CO)R₉, in which

R₉ is an aliphatic or aromatic radical with 1 to 12 C atoms,

R₁ and R₂ each mean a hydrogen atom or together an exocyclic methylene group,

R₃ and R₄, independently of one another, mean a hydrogen atom, a chlorine or fluorine atom,

an alkyl group with 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or together form a methylene group or together with quaternary carbon atom 20 form a 3- to 7-membered, saturated or unsaturated carbocyclic ring,

V and W together mean an E-double bond or V means a hydroxyl group and W means a hydrogen atom,

- means an unsubstituted, unbranched alkylene unit with 1 or 2 carbon atoms, and Q
- Z means a straight-chain or branched-chain, saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon radical with up to 12 carbon atoms, which at any positions can have keto groups, or-hydroxyl groups, which in turn can be etherified or esterified, amino groups, chlorine, or bromine atoms .--

detele

SCH-1747